

Semaine 1

QCMs

ME-332 – Mécanique Vibratoire

EPFL Before we start... let's connect!

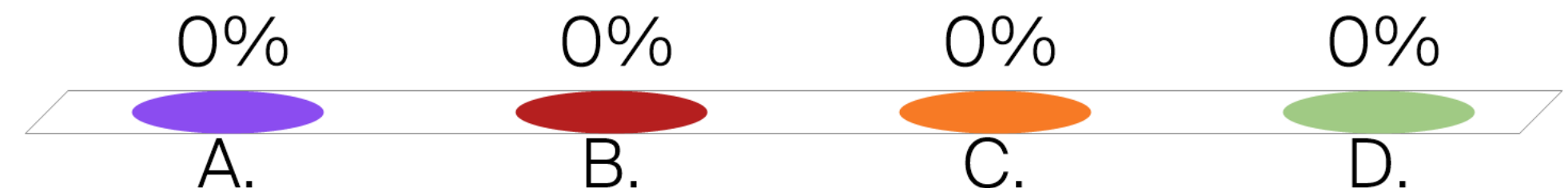
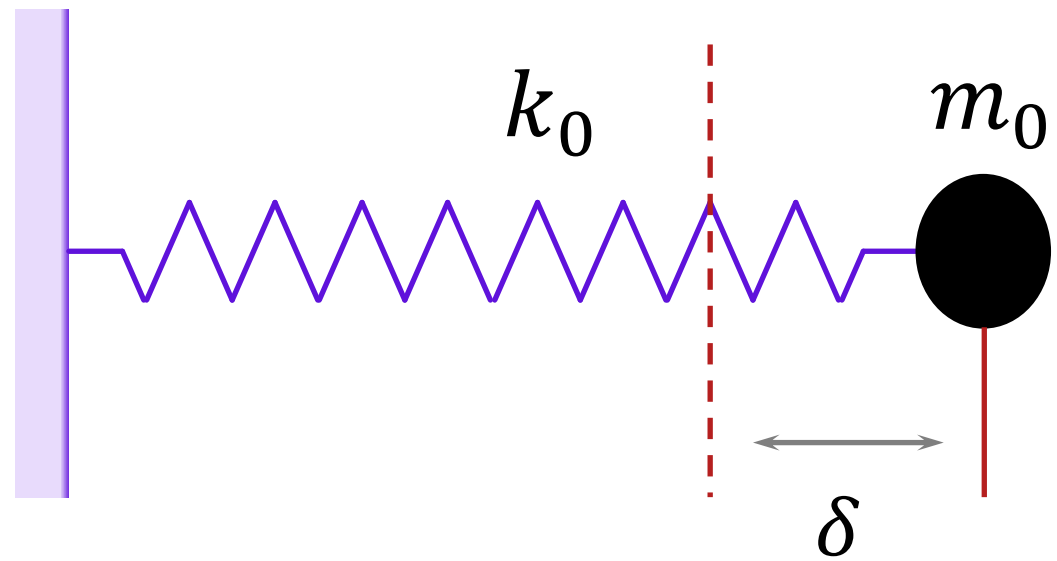
- Smartphones
 - iPhone
 - Android
- } Download and install the app “*PointSolutions*”



- Computers (or Windows Phones)
 - Go to www.responseware.eu
- Choose EUROPE Server (if asked)
- Join session – ME332
- When asked – do not input your name. Enter as anonymous.

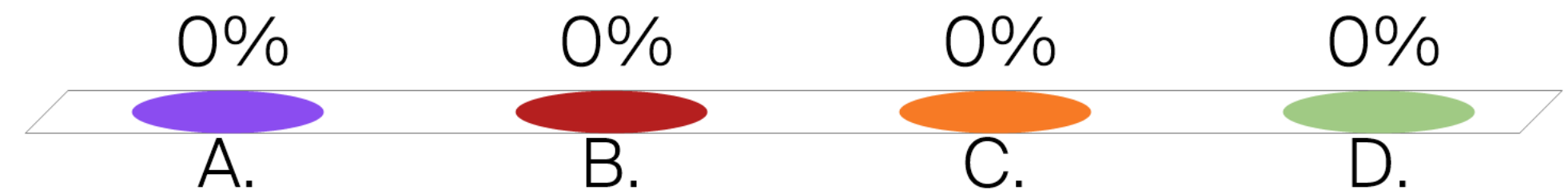
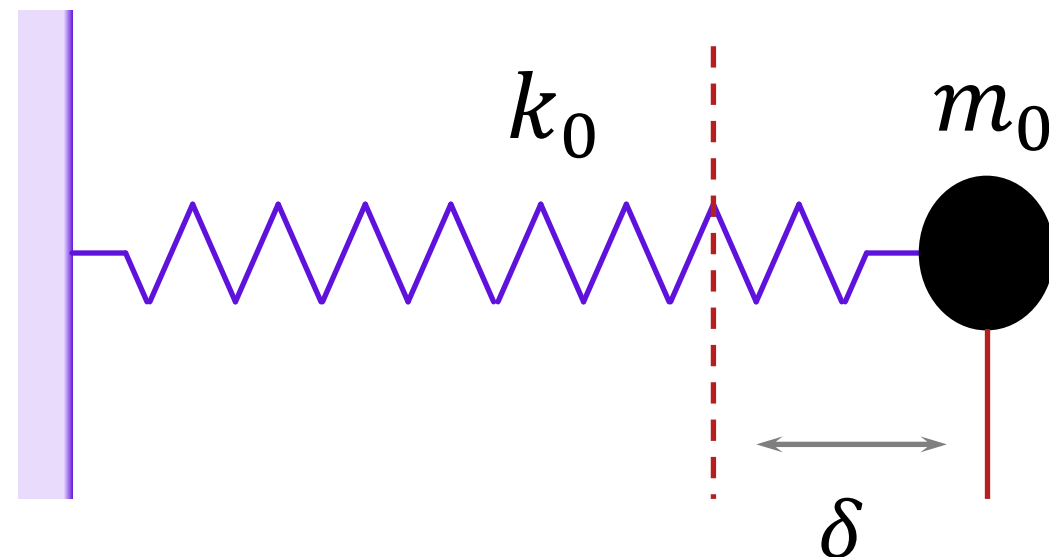
EPFL Après lâcher la masse, elle va...

- A. Revenir lentement au point de repos pour le ressort (équilibre)
- B. Bouger pour quelque temps et après s'arrêter à cause de la friction
- C. Bouger harmoniquement forever
- D. On ne peut pas savoir

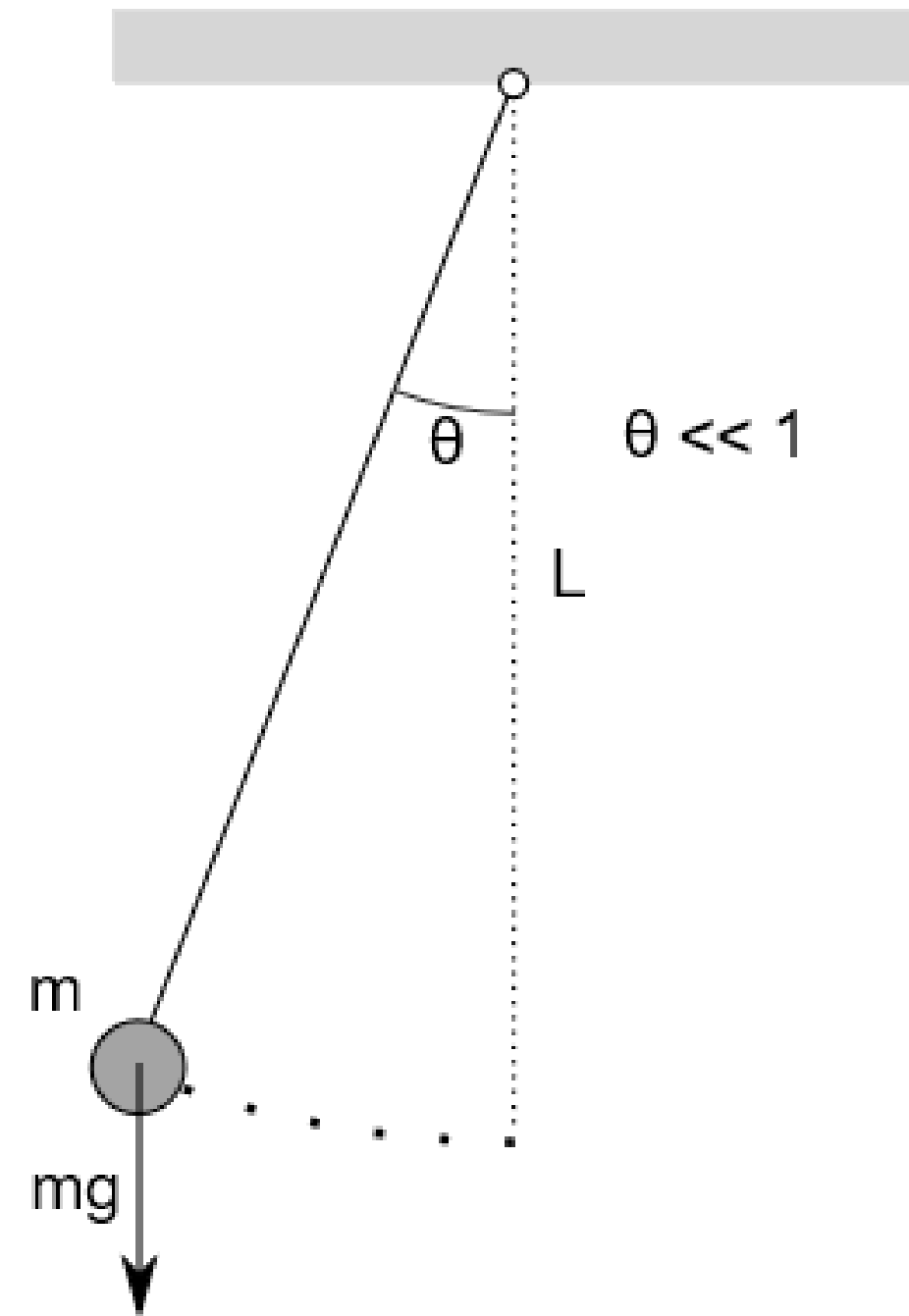


EPFL À quelle fréquence va la masse bouger?

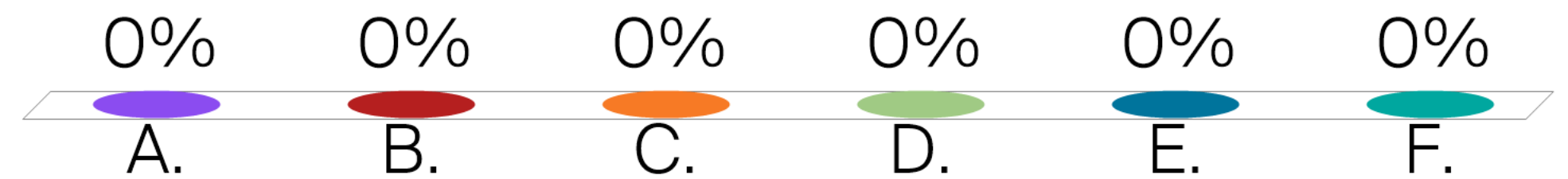
- A. Elle ne bouge pas à aucune fréquence
- B. $\frac{k_0}{m_0}$
- C. $\sqrt{\frac{k_0}{m_0}}$
- D. On ne peut pas savoir



EPFL Valeur de ω_0 ?

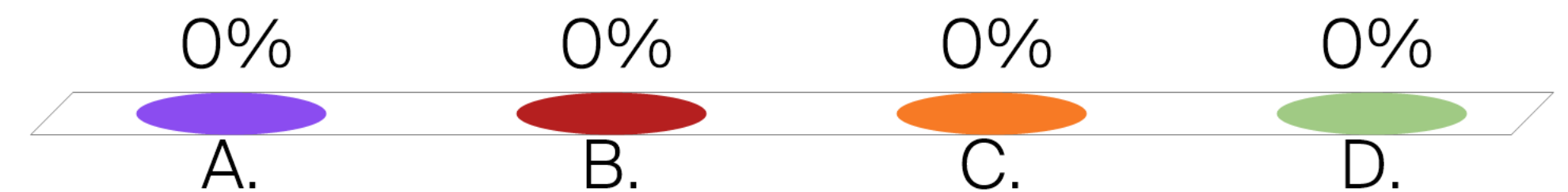
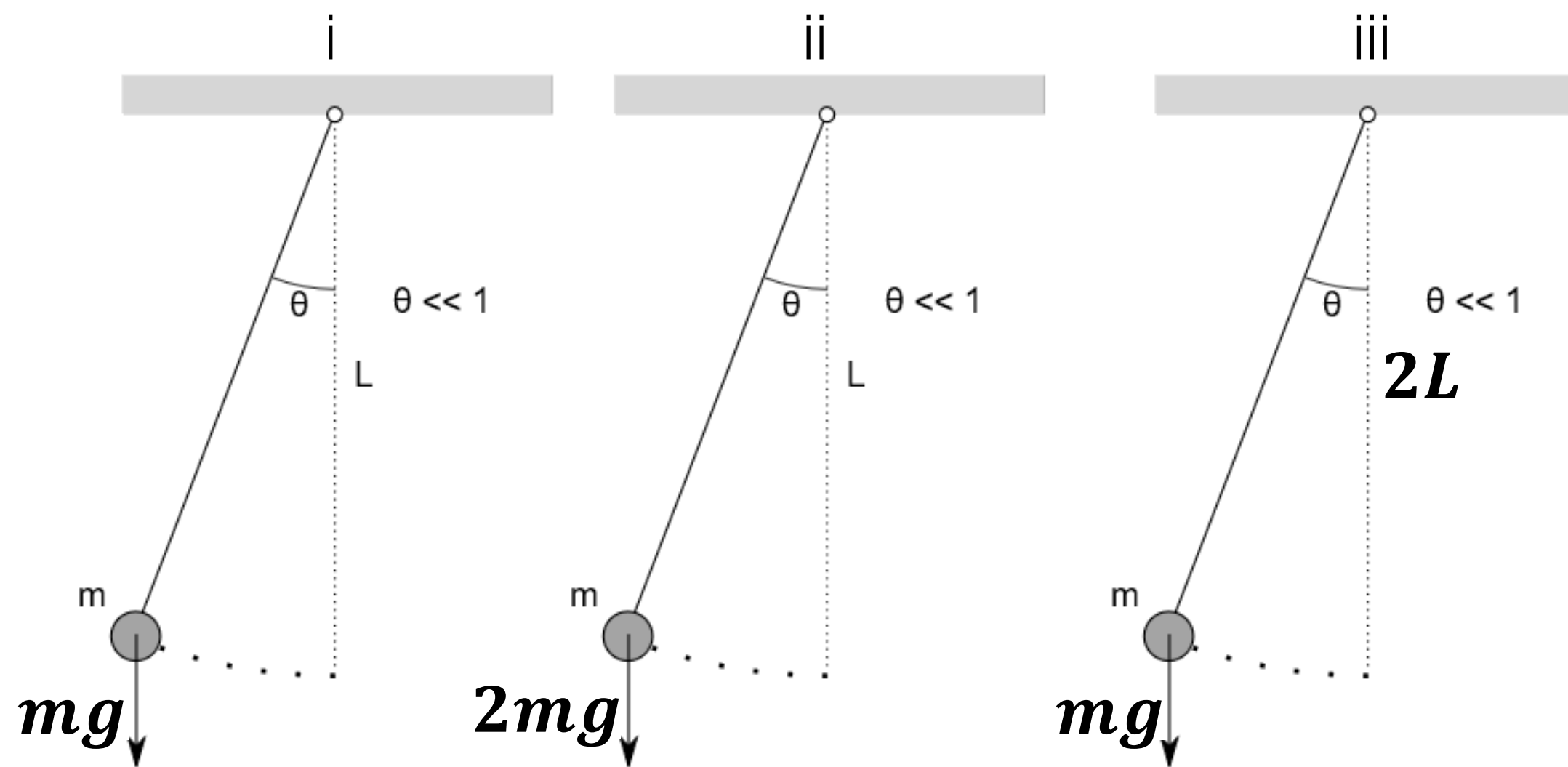


- A. $\omega_0 = mg/\theta$
- B. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{mg/\theta}$
- C. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{mg/L}$
- D. $\omega_0 = mg/L$
- E. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{g/L}$
- F. $\omega_0 = g/L$



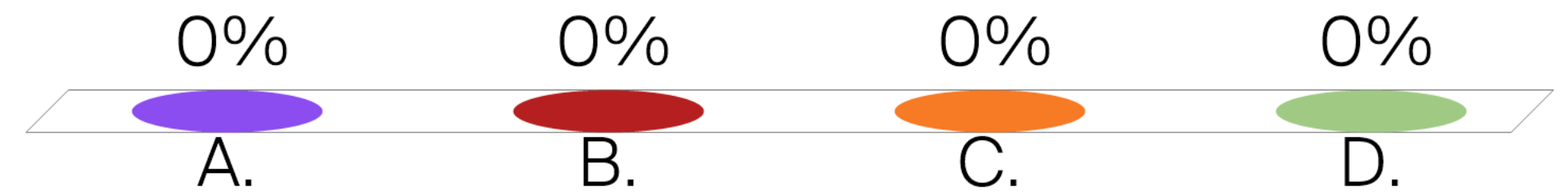
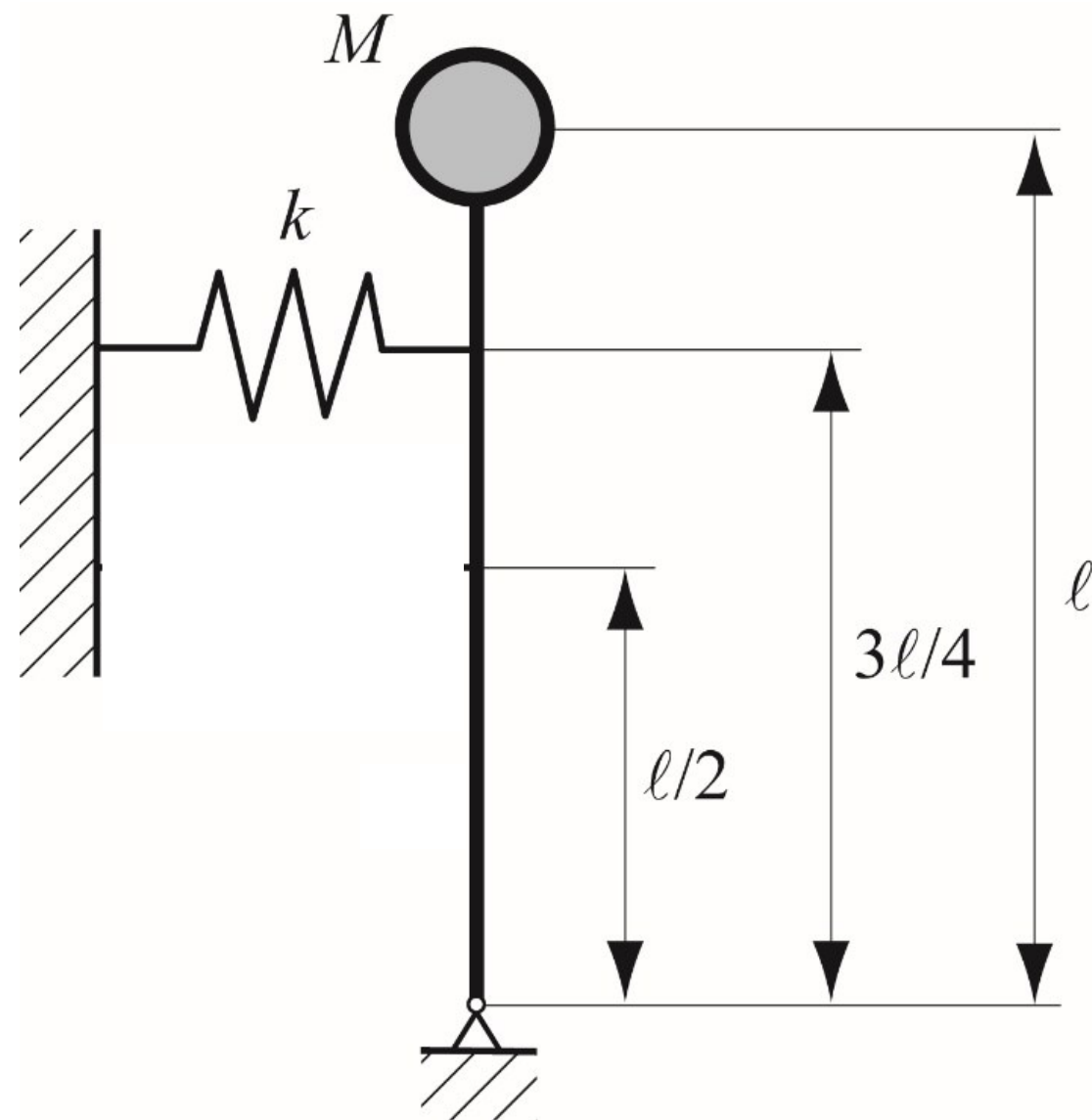
EPFL Ranger de plus petit à plus grand pour ω_0 ?

- A. $\omega_{0,i} < \omega_{0,ii} < \omega_{0,iii}$
- B. $\omega_{0,ii} < \omega_{0,i} < \omega_{0,iii}$
- C. $\omega_{0,iii} < \omega_{0,i} < \omega_{0,ii}$
- D. $\omega_{0,iii} < \omega_{0,i} = \omega_{0,ii}$



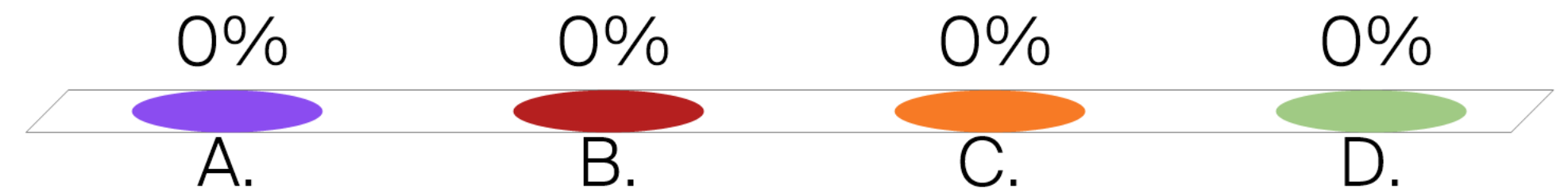
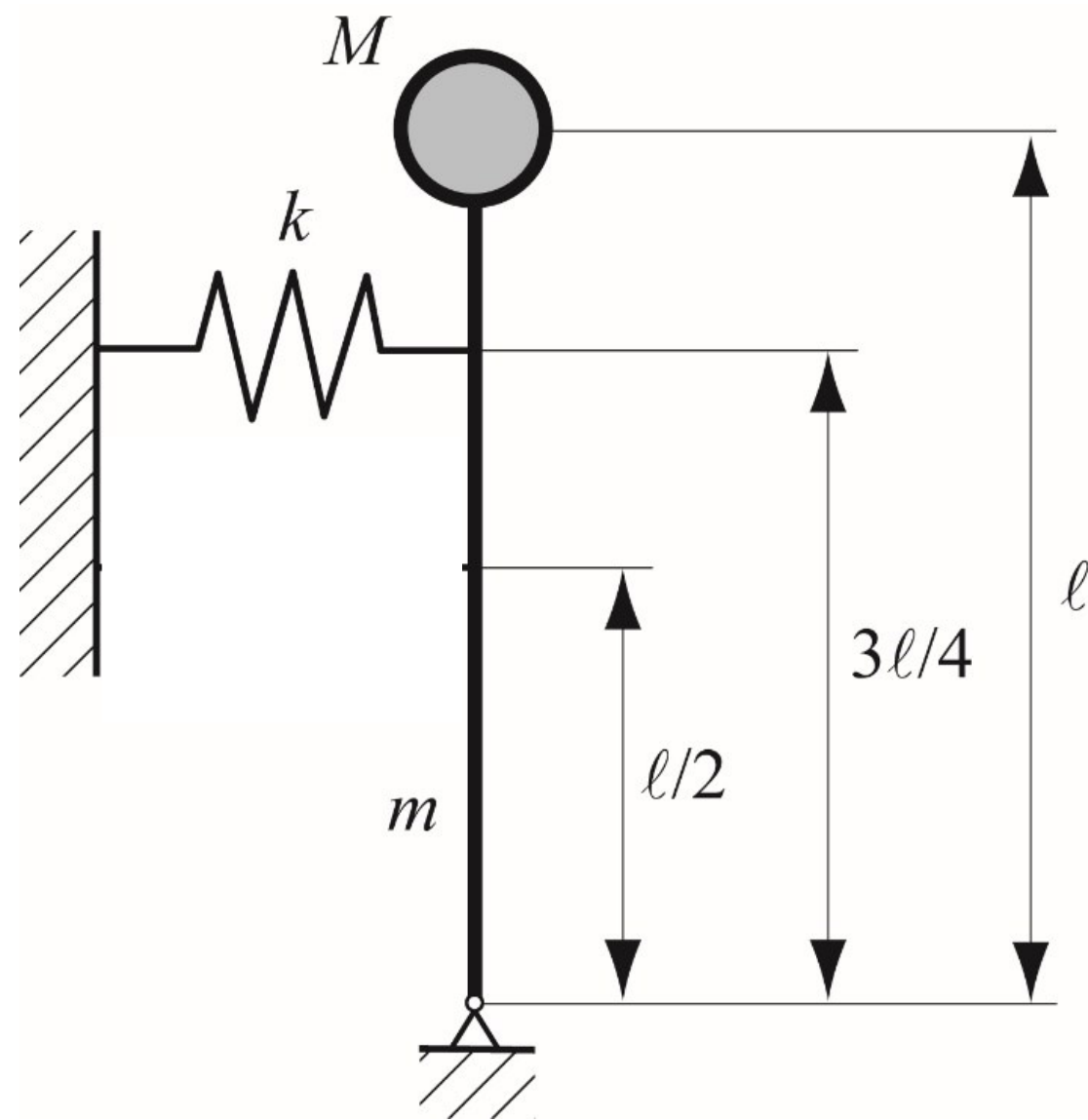
EPFL Fréquence ω_0 ?

- A. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k/M}$
- B. $\omega_0 = 3/4\sqrt{k/M}$
- C. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k}/M$
- D. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{3k/M}$



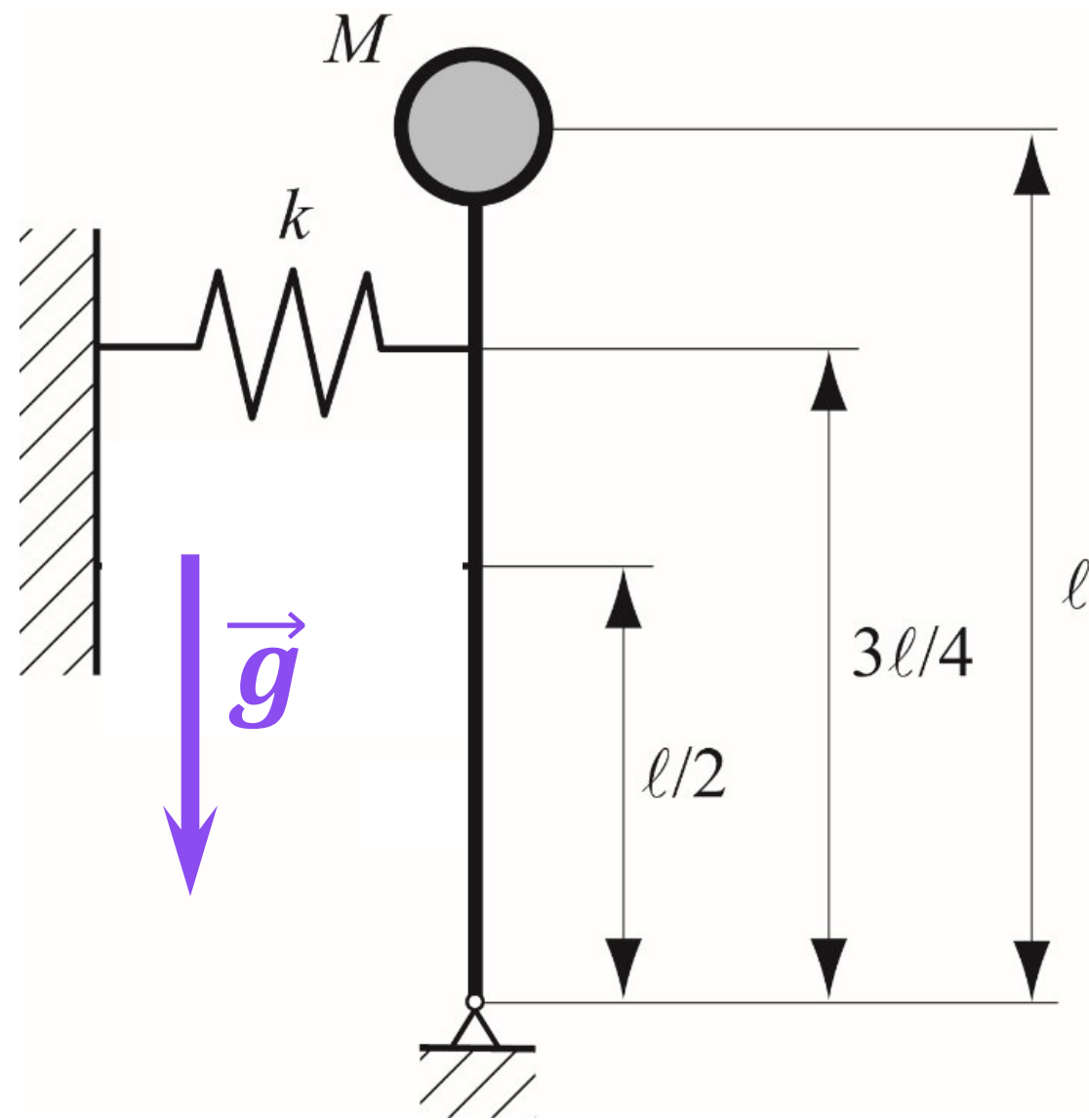
EPFL Fréquence ω_0 ?

- A. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k/(M + m)}$
- B. $\omega_0 = 3/4\sqrt{k/(M + 3m)}$
- C. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k/(M + m/3)}$
- D. $\omega_0 = 3/4\sqrt{k/(M + m/3)}$



EPFL Fréquence ω_0 ?

- A. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k/M}$
- B. $\omega_0 = 3/4\sqrt{k/M}$
- C. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{9/16 k/M + g/L}$
- D. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{3/4 k/M + g/L}$



EPFL Fréquence ω_0 ?

- A. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{k/M}$
- B. $\omega_0 = 3/4\sqrt{k/M}$
- C. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{9/16 k/M + g/L}$
- D. $\omega_0 = \sqrt{3/4 k/M + g/L}$

